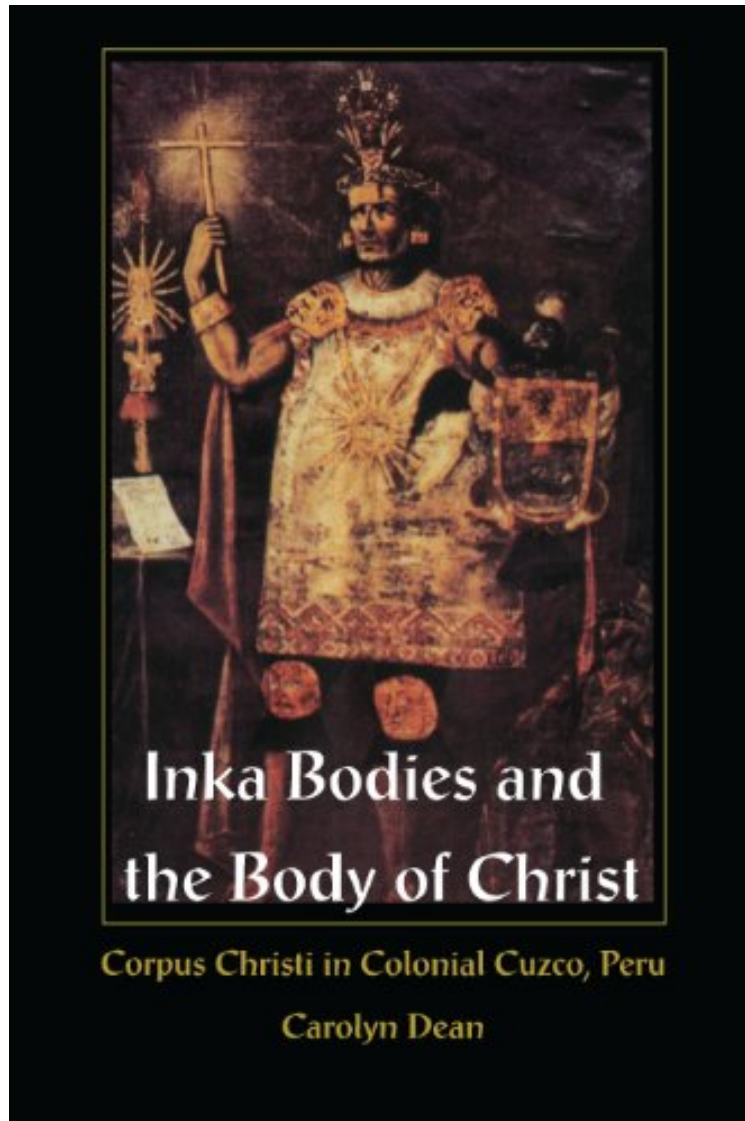


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## Inka Bodies and the Body of Christ: Corpus Christi in Colonial Cuzco, Peru

*Carolyn J Dean*

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**Carolyn J Dean : Inka Bodies and the Body of Christ: Corpus Christi in Colonial Cuzco, Peru** before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Inka Bodies and the Body of Christ: Corpus Christi in Colonial Cuzco, Peru:

0 of 1 people found the following review helpful. what a boring book. Sifting thru info was roughBy Dalan Hartmannwowza, what a boring book. Sifting thru info was rough, but informative. Bought for a class.5 of 10 people found the following review helpful. Not the book I thought it was going to be...By A readerDean's book examines the

ambiguity of symbols inherent in the colonial experience. I often wondered-as with most historical reconstructions of "culture" and interpretations of practices long lost from memory-if there was enough "evidence" to make the claims she makes about the representation of sub-alterity. On the one hand, the Indian appears to constructing a colonial self through his/her dress, decoration, mannerisms, artistic expressive forms (such as dance or architecture), etc. But on the other hand, s/he is engaged in the hegemonic forces of "being Indian" within the dominant colonialist ideology. The question is, to what extent did the Indian have the freedom to make choices about dress, dance, decoration, etc. and to what extent was the image of the Indian under the control and creation of the colonialist/church? I think the pressing need for an academic to take a "politically correct" stance in this day and age must sadly override the ability to present the honest truth in the case of colonial subjectivity. Allowing the indigenous people to speak for themselves is questionable in the case of iconic representation. For instance, where are the depictions of the Indians who carried the massive saints--where are these dark bodies in the paintings Dean examines. And if they are missing, why doesn't the author seem troubled by this? Read the book and decide for yourself.

In *Inka Bodies and the Body of Christ* Carolyn Dean investigates the multiple meanings of the Roman Catholic feast of Corpus Christi as it was performed in the Andean city of Cuzco after the Spanish conquest. By concentrating on the erasquo;s paintings and its historical archives, Dean explores how the festival celebrated the victory of the Christian God over sin and death, the triumph of Christian orthodoxy over the imperial Inka patron (the Sun), and Spainrsquo;s conquest of Peruvian society. As Dean clearly illustrates, the central rite of the festivalmdash;the taking of the Eucharistmdash;symbolized both the acceptance of Christ and the power of the colonizers over the colonized. The most remarkable of Andean celebrants were those who appeared costumed as the vanquished Inka kings of Perursquo;s pagan past. Despite the subjugation of the indigenous population, Dean shows how these and other Andean nobles used the occasion of Corpus Christi as an opportunity to construct new identities through tinkuy, a native term used to describe the conjoining of opposites. By mediating the chasms between the Andean region and Europe, pagans and Christians, and the past and the present, these Andean elites negotiated a new sense of themselves. Dean moves beyond the colonial period to examine how these hybrid forms of Inka identity are still evident in the festive life of modern Cuzco. *Inka Bodies and the Body of Christ* offers the first in-depth analysis of the culture and paintings of colonial Cuzco. This volume will be welcomed by historians of Peruvian culture, art, and politics. It will also interest those engaged in performance studies, religion, and postcolonial and Latin American studies.

ldquo;A provocative and nuanced interdisciplinary study. Dean effectively moves beyond mere historical reconstruction to explore the religious festival of Corpus Christi as an aesthetic, expressive, and sociopolitical event not only within colonial Cuzco life but within the broader context of the colonial enterprise in the Americas.rdqquo;mdash;Jeanette Favrot Peterson, University of California, Santa Barbara